





## 15 November 2014 - Addendum 4 to the CRI Technical Report (Version: 2014, Update 1)

This document updates the Technical Report (Version: 2014, Update 1) and details (1) the replacement of the 3-month interest rate in Thailand, (2) the revision to the treatment of 3-month interest rates for Switzerland and Iceland and their coefficients in the default prediction model, and (3) the addition of Oman, Bangladesh and Jamaica to the CRI coverage. These changes have been implemented for probabilities of default (PDs) and Actuarial Spreads (AS) starting from 15<sup>th</sup> of November.

#### I. 3-month interest rate, Thailand

The Bank of Thailand stopped reporting the 3-month Repo rate due to a lack of liquidity, and our data provider (Reuters) ceased updating their Thailand 3-month repo rate (Reuters Thailand 3m rate) series in May 2002. We have thus changed to another data provider (Bloomberg) and use the Bloomberg 3 Month Thailand BIBOR (Bangkok Interbank Offered Rate) as a replacement for the 3-month short term interest rate for Thailand.

Henceforth, as of November 2014 calibration, the *Bloomberg 3 Month Thailand BIBOR* is used as the 3-month interest rate for all data points starting from 30<sup>th</sup> May 2002; we continue to use the *Reuters Thailand 3m rate* for earlier periods.

# II. Revision to the treatment of 3-month interest rate variables and coefficients for Switzerland and Iceland

As documented in Subsection 3.3 of the Technical Report Version: 2014 Update 1, Switzerland and Iceland do not use the 3-month interest rate in the default prediction model. This treatment originated from Addendum 2 to the Technical Report Version: 2011 Update 1 because at that moment there were insufficient defaults to calibrate the individual benchmark interest rate coefficients for these two economies in a statistically significant way. However, CRI coverage has largely increased during the past three years. It is the right time to change this old treatment in the default prediction model. Therefore, with effect from 15 November, 2014, Switzerland and Iceland will use their own 3-month interest rates, namely the *Swiss Interbank 3 month rate* and *Iceland Interbank 3 month rate* respectively, and share the same benchmark interest rate coefficients as the other eurozone members in the same calibration group.







# III. Changes to grouping of monthly calibration

The CRI will be expanding our coverage to 109 economies with the addition of Oman, Jamaica and Bangladesh. Typically, small economies do not have enough defaults, and calibrations of these individual economies are not statistically meaningful. In order to ensure that there are enough defaults for calibration, different economies under the CRI coverage are categorized into groups according to similarities in their stage of economic development and geographic locations. Within these groups the economies are combined and calibrated together.

Based on this approach, Bangladesh, Oman and Jamaica have been added to the calibration group of emerging economies (in addition to Argentina, Bahrain, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Egypt, Indonesia, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Nigeria, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Thailand, United Arab Emirates, Venezuela, Vietnam).

## **Descriptives and summary statistics**

When adding new countries to the CRI coverage, several benchmark indexes are carefully selected. The details are listed in the table below.

Economy	Bangladesh	Oman	Jamaica
ISO Code	BD OM		JM
Calibration Group	Emerging	Emerging	Emerging
Stock Eychango	Dhaka Stock Exchange	Muscat Securities Market	Jamaica Stock Exchange
Stock Exchange (Period Used)	Index	30 Index	Market Index
(Feriod Osed)	(2008-01-07 – Present)	(1992-03-31 - Present)	(1987-03-03 - Present)
Short Term Interest Rate	Bangladesh 3 Month Bill	Omani Rial 3 Month	Jamaica 3 months repo
(Period Used)	Auction Cut Off Yield	Deposit	rate
(Period Osed)	(2006-01-31 – Present)	(2002-07-16 - Present)	(2008-07-17 - Present)
Interest Rate Name	Bangladesh 12 Month Bill	Omani Rial 12 Month	Jamaica 12 months repo
(Period Used)	Auction Cut Off Yield	Deposit	rate
(Feriou Oseu)	(2008-09-30 – Present)	(2002-07-16 - Present)	(2008-07-17 - Present)

Table 1: ISO Code, stock index and interest rates







The next tables provide further information on the input variables included in the RMI PD model, the number of active companies, defaults and other exits.

	Min	25%	Median	75%	Max	Mean	StdDev	#Observation
DTD Level	-1.81	1.67	2.70	4.29	15.24	3.14	1.95	6452
DTD Trend	-2.59	-0.06	0.15	0.49	5.62	0.26	0.62	6452
Cash/TA Level	0.00	0.01	0.08	0.22	0.82	0.15	0.17	12193
Cash/TA Trend	-0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.04	12193
NI/TA Level	-0.04	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.01	12711
NI/TA Trend	-0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	12711
Size Level	-5.27	-1.30	-0.23	1.16	4.78	-0.13	1.73	14039
Size Trend	-1.81	-0.13	-0.02	0.09	2.00	-0.03	0.29	14039
M/B	0.25	1.13	1.54	2.37	31.35	2.34	3.29	12105
Sigma	0.04	0.09	0.11	0.14	0.67	0.12	0.05	13063

Table 2: Bangladesh – Summary statistics of input variables (based on data from 1999 to 2014)

		Defaults		Others	
	Active	#	%	#	%
1999	52	0	0	8	13.33%
2000	57	0	0	56	49.56%
2001	64	0	0	41	39.05%
2002	69	0	0	20	22.47%
2003	78	0	0	17	17.90%
2004	85	0	0	5	5.56%
2005	125	0	0	16	11.35%
2006	134	0	0	16	10.67%
2007	143	0	0	20	12.27%
2008	160	0	0	13	7.51%
2009	170	0	0	51	23.08%
2010	209	0	0	20	8.73%
2011	226	0	0	6	2.59%
2012	239	0	0	3	1.24%
2013	256	0	0	1	0.39%
2014	271	0	0	0	0.00%

Table 3: Bangladesh – number of defaults and other exits from 1999 to 2014







	Min	25%	Median	75%	Max	Mean	StdDev	#Observation
DTD Level	-0.10	3.45	4.85	7.26	23.90	5.92	3.89	1778
DTD Trend	-7.52	-0.35	0.15	0.80	7.53	0.29	1.50	1778
Cash/TA Level	0.00	0.03	0.07	0.16	0.94	0.12	0.14	13526
Cash/TA Trend	-0.36	-0.01	0.00	0.01	0.40	0.00	0.05	13526
NI/TA Level	-0.04	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.01	13721
NI/TA Trend	-0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	13721
Size Level	-6.43	-1.20	-0.07	0.99	4.71	-0.11	1.73	16355
Size Trend	-1.81	-0.10	0.00	0.10	2.00	0.01	0.24	16355
M/B	0.19	1.00	1.17	1.49	7.38	1.33	0.61	12860
Sigma	0.01	0.06	0.09	0.12	0.98	0.10	0.07	8346

Table 4: Oman – Summary statistics of input variables (based on data from 1996 to 2014)

		Defaults		Others	
	Active	#	%	#	%
1996	14	0	0	2	12.50%
1997	19	0	0	12	38.71%
1998	25	0	0	50	66.67%
1999	27	0	0	32	54.24%
2000	29	0	0	43	59.72%
2001	31	0	0	45	59.21%
2002	41	0	0	16	28.07%
2003	44	0	0	33	42.86%
2004	47	0	0	19	28.79%
2005	50	0	0	38	43.18%
2006	54	0	0	35	39.33%
2007	57	0	0	35	38.04%
2008	61	0	0	54	46.96%
2009	63	0	0	36	36.36%
2010	66	0	0	40	37.74%
2011	87	0	0	29	25.00%
2012	111	0	0	24	17.78%
2013	115	0	0	3	2.54%
2014	118	0	0	0	0.00%

Table 5: Oman – number of defaults and other exits from 1996 to 2014







	Min	25%	Median	75%	Max	Mean	StdDev	#Observation
DTD Level	-1.09	0.98	2.56	3.69	15.39	2.75	2.36	1799
DTD Trend	-6.45	-0.41	0.00	0.40	5.28	0.02	0.93	1799
Cash/TA Level	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.27	0.94	0.20	0.21	5212
Cash/TA Trend	-0.36	-0.01	0.00	0.01	0.40	0.00	0.07	5212
NI/TA Level	-0.04	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.01	5717
NI/TA Trend	-0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	5717
Size Level	-5.85	-1.50	0.01	1.01	3.00	-0.27	1.81	6218
Size Trend	-1.81	-0.11	0.00	0.12	2.00	0.02	0.28	6218
M/B	0.19	0.87	1.04	1.35	23.38	1.25	0.89	5580
Sigma	0.03	0.12	0.15	0.20	0.84	0.17	0.08	4224

Table 6: Jamaica – Summary statistics of input variables (based on data from 1993 to 2014)

		Defaults		Others	
	Active	#	%	#	%
1993	14	0	0	7	33.33%
1994	15	0	0	4	21.05%
1995	15	0	0	5	25.00%
1996	15	0	0	10	40.00%
1997	15	0	0	6	28.57%
1998	15	0	0	6	28.57%
1999	18	0	0	6	25.00%
2000	18	0	0	3	14.29%
2001	19	0	0	2	9.52%
2002	19	0	0	0	0.00%
2003	20	0	0	3	13.04%
2004	20	0	0	1	4.76%
2005	21	0	0	4	16.00%
2006	22	0	0	3	12.00%
2007	23	0	0	4	14.82%
2008	23	0	0	4	14.82%
2009	24	0	0	3	11.11%
2010	31	0	0	1	3.13%
2011	34	0	0	8	19.05%
2012	35	0	0	8	18.61%
2013	42	0	0	2	4.55%
2014	48	0	0	3	5.88%

Table 7: Jamaica – number of defaults and other exits from 1993 to 2014